

DISCLAIMER

The information given in this report has been obtained from State/U.T. Police. All precautions have been taken to ensure that the data is statistically consistent. NCRB has only compiled and collated the data and presented it in the form of this report. NCRB shall not be responsible for authenticity of this information. However, any discrepancy observed in this report may be brought to the notice of the Bureau.

LIMITATIONS

- There has been variation in SLL crimes and persons arrested under them reported by Andhra Pradesh and Vishakhapatnam city due to reporting of more Motor Vehicles Act cases (cognizable).
- In Tamil Nadu, due to reclassification of police stations, there is variation in Rural and Urban police stations.
- As clarified by Uttar Pradesh, specifically the figures of Sexual Harassment (u/s 509 IPC) have been given from 2010 excluding figures u/s 294 IPC which were until 2009 being added up with section u/s 509 IPC and furnished to NCRB.
- As clarified by Maharashtra, under section 174 of CrPC the magisterial/judicial enquiry is not ordered for custodial deaths (due to accidents).
- As clarified by Punjab state, most of the data of pending previous year investigation/trial cases and persons in custody or bail at the end of the year during the stage of investigation or trial has been changed due to revision of figures by districts of Punjab. Hence there may be variation.
- There is no sanctioned women police strength in Maharashtra State.
- The actual census population of mega cities for the year 2001 has been used for calculating crime rates like previous few years in the absence of current mid-year population estimates of these cities.
- There may be some inconsistencies in tables in respect of data on Prevention of Corruption Act and related sections of IPC due to clarifications pending from Police units. This data is sent by Vigilance Departments of States/UTs.